

# THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"OF THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE."

TERMS: One Dollar and Fifty Cents per Annum.

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CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1882.

NUMBER 33.

## NEWS SUMMARY.

### Important Intelligence from All Parts.

#### CONGRESSIONAL.

In the Senate on the 11th a bill was passed to restore Captain Corbin to the active list of the navy, with restoration of the difference in pay made by the act of March 3, 1879.

Mr. Vest introduced a General Bridge law, designed to secure reasonable prices for bridges, and to provide for the construction of bridges.

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In the Senate on the 12th the bill allotting to the Southern States agricultural lands in Utah was amended to allow the Indians to receive their annuities in cash or stock, and was then passed.

A bill was passed to restore to the Court of Claims the bill of George E. Payne for alleged wrongdoings of his sugar plantation in Louisiana by General Butler, in 1862.

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Mr. Voorhees spoke upon a resolution introduced by him declaring that the conduct of the State Department in relation to the arrest and imprisonment by the British authorities of Daniel McSwain and other American citizens, was a violation of the rights of American citizenship, and that the United States should demand their release.

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In the House on the 19th the bill to pay the claims of 1,389 loyal citizens, aggregating \$291,148, for small supplies taken for the use of the army during the war of the rebellion, was passed.

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The rates of transportation from Chicago to New York have been fixed at fifty cents per hundred on cattle, thirty cents on hogs and sixty cents on sheep.

The Turf, Field and Farm Newspaper Company has sued the owners of the World Building in New York, to recover \$50,000 damages sustained by the recent destruction of the building by fire, claiming that the fire was directly traceable to the owner's negligence.

This exports of domestic breadstuffs for the nine months ended March 31, 1882, were \$147,781,367, for the same period in 1881, \$201,729,787.

For the murder of J. B. Weisinger, Bill Ludlow and Al Weisinger were recently executed at Selma, Ala., although strongly asserting their innocence. A few days ago Henry Ivy voluntarily confessed that he did the killing, and was aided by his brother and Sny Acoff and the ones who suffered hanging, Ivy and Acoff were arrested and placed under guard at a school-house, from which they were taken by forty masked men and lynched.

A GERMAN steamer loaded 1,700 immigrants at Baltimore on the morning of the 14th.

In the libel suit of Rev. Mr. Himm against Bishop Hare, of the Episcopal Church, lately on trial in New York City, the jury have rendered a verdict in favor of plaintiff, assessing the damages at \$10,000.

The New York Assembly has adopted the resolutions for free canals as amended by the Senate.

OVER 135 grave-yard insurance companies have been proceeded against by the Attorney-General of Pennsylvania for violation of the insurance law.

HENRY GALLAGHER, of Allentown, Pa., has a daughter, suffering from St. Vitus's dance, and harbors the hallucination that Father Dongan can but will not cure her. So he saluted the pastor with two shots from a revolver, both of which missed.

The Secretary of War on the 14th directed the issue of 300,000 more rations at New Orleans for sufferers by the overflow.

A FIRE at Titusville, Pa., on the 14th destroyed the Hotel Brunswick, the Marshall opera-house and hotel, and the Watson saloon, in which the loss was estimated at \$250,000. A fireman and a colored cook were fatally burned.

MOLLER HOLMBROOK, the notorious pickpocket, was on the 14th sentenced to five years in the New York Prison.

The Illinois Senate on the 14th passed the bill to cede the Illinois and Michigan Canal to the United States.

THERE were 122 business failures in the United States during the seven days ended on the 13th.

The First National Bank of Buffalo, N. Y., has failed. Cattle dealers are said to be the principal losers.

A. T. STEWART & Co., of New York, on the 14th announced the discontinuance of their dry goods and manufacturing business, and offered their stocks and mills for sale.

A DEFTEN dispatch of the 14th states that nearly \$1,000,000 in drafts and money had been stolen from the mails in Colorado since December.

JEWELS valued at \$100,000 have been recently stolen from the ladies of the Imperial Palace of Brazil.

MOODY AND SARKIS, the American evangelists, have declined the invitation to labor in London during the ensuing twelve months.

The German Polar Commission has decided to erect a station in the North Arctic Zone at Cumberland Sound, Davis Strait, and another in the South Arctic Zone, on the Island of Georgia.

The Mexican commander on the Rio Grande has stationed several companies of infantry opposite Laredo, and Americans are not allowed to cross.

The Canadian Senate on the 14th passed a bill legalizing marriage with a deceased wife's sister. Its opponents gave notice that they would appeal to the Governor-General for a veto or to the Queen to disallow the bill.

The Lord Mayor of London on the 14th asked for subscriptions of 25,000 or more to send to Canada 20 families of unemployed poor. Oliphant, who represents the committee to aid Russian Jews, has arranged for the emigration of 12,000 to America.

LATER NEWS.

At a meeting of the Cabinet in Washington on the 15th, Attorney-General Brewster delivered an opinion to the effect that, the sentence of Fitz John Porter having been approved by President Lincoln and carried into effect, no one has power to set aside the findings of the Court-martial. By direction of President Arthur, the Secretary of War informed General Porter that his request to be restored to his rank in the army could not be considered.

REV. J. T. FRANKLIN, of Erie, Pa., dropped dead of heart-disease on the 15th.

A conference of members of the Republican National Committee, held in Washington on the 15th, was decided to call a meeting of the National Committee, to be held in Washington on the fourth Wednesday in January, 1883.

The saints at Salt Lake were on the 16th advised by their preachers in the tabernacle to boycott the gentiles.

A VIENNA dispatch of the 15th states that eighty workmen employed on the Spanish Cathedral had been arrested in consequence of the discovery of a mine under that edifice. In which it was intended the ceremony of the coronation of the Czar should take place.

SEVENTEEN stores and dwellings in Cleveland, Md., valued at \$75,000, were burned on the 16th.

QUEEN VICTORIA returned to Windsor on the 16th.

The April report of the Department of Agriculture at Washington, issued on the 15th, shows an increase of two per cent. in the area of winter wheat.

In the Peruvian investigation at Washington on the 15th a letter was read from James G. Blaine, asking to be heard at the pleasure of the Committee. The examination of Mr. Shipherd was postponed, because of his refusal to answer questions having a special bearing on the case.

FIVE THOUSAND iron workmen in Paris struck on the 15th against a proposition to tax their wages for the payment of insurance against accidents.

The seventeenth anniversary of the death of Abraham Lincoln was observed at the monument at Springfield, Ill., on the 15th, the vast assemblage being addressed by Governor Cullom.

R. M. STUBBS, Mayor of Polk City, Iowa, was murdered in his bedroom by burglars on the night of the 15th. There was \$7,000 in the house, but none of it was taken.

The works of a steam saw-mill on the 15th, lost \$18,000; sawing, \$10,000. Five hundred men were employed.

The United States Senate was not in session on the 15th. In the House, in Committee of the Whole, the entire day was occupied in consideration of the Tariff-Commission bill. Messrs. Shallenberger, Wilson and Ward advocated the passage of the measure and Messrs. White, McMillan and Hill were opposed to the bill.

BEFORE the Peruvian Investigating Committee in Washington on the 14th Mr. Shipherd said the subject of a war with Chili was never discussed with either Messrs. Blaine or Blair. He was not aware that General Grant ever wrote a letter to Washington saying it was time the United States should step in. In answer to the question how it occurred that Mr. Blaine sent a dispatch on the 17th indicating that the Peruvian Company was a bubble; that witnesses' interview with the President took place on the 18th and on the 19th, and that Mr. Blaine sent another dispatch which was entirely different from the one of the 17th, Mr. Shipherd declined to give an explanation. He said he had accepted a retainer from the Peruvian Company. The witness added: "I desire to say here in regard to the published statements that I had certain correspondence with Secretary Blaine, and that there are certain letters which Mr. Blaine would not like to have published, there is nothing in it. The statement is false."

FOREIGN.

On the 10th the King of Wurtemberg, having embraced Catholicism, was baptized by the Pope at Rome.

UNGARY has adjusted its difficulty with Italy over the maltreatment of two citizens of the latter country by giving them \$2,000 each, punishing their assailants, and saluting the Italian flag.

A LETTER received in Boston on the 10th dated January 16, from Henry M. Stanley, who is now engaged in his great expedition in Africa. He says that the expedition is prospering, and he hopes to accomplish the object of the search this year. He was far up the Congo River.

A PLOT for the assassination of the Egyptian Minister of War was on the 11th discovered at Cairo, and many Circassian officers had been arrested for complicity.

It is alleged that Vogel & Co., silk merchants at Hong-Kong, have swindled American and European merchants out of \$4,000,000 or more by forwarding inferior goods. The head of the house has fled to Italy.

A ST. PETERSBURG dispatch of the 12th states that during the Easter holidays the streets of Odessa were patrolled by troops. Five thousand Jews had been expelled from Moscow.

At the annual banquet of the Club National in Montreal a few days ago the President delivered an address in which he stated that the French Canadians hoped to found a Republic and Canadian independence.

A RECENT Vienna dispatch states that three persons, who were ascending the Alps on Easter Sunday perished. Their bodies had not been recovered.

The Minister of the Russian Imperial household announced that the coronation of the Czar will take place in Moscow in August. The festivities will last two weeks, and their expense will be 10,000,000 rubles.

The French Government has addressed a note to the Powers expressing the hope that the Monetary Conference will reassemble the present year.

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### A Husband's Wretched Experience.

It is not often that a more remarkable story is heard in a court-room than was told last week by Lawyer C. J. Lansing, of Eureka, Nev., on trial for the killing of his wife. When he took the witness-stand the grief in his face hushed the bar and the spectators into a plying silence. He began by declaring that he consented to say what he would have to say about the dead only upon the urgent requirement of his counsel, and for the sake of his daughter. Then he gave the jury the history of his married life. Ever since 1864 it had been, he said, wretched in all ways. His wife took to liquor. She was a powerful woman—fully his equal in strength. When drunk she was violent, ferocious to kill him, and, as he believed at the time, meaning to carry out her threat. She threw rocks at his head, poured boiling water on him, tried on several occasions to stab him with the carving knife, once at least drawing blood. She followed him into court, making such a disturbance that the police had to remove her by force. She burst into his office and beat him over the head with a rawhide till the blood streamed down his face. She beat his little daughter with an iron poker. "I felt like letting loose all boys," he said, "and I drank heavily too." One day, he said, he decided to leave her; once he bought poison, and was on the point of swallowing it when he thought of his daughter and threw it away. Last year matters grew worse, until a night came when he did not sleep under the same roof with his wife and daughter. He turned his wife and ankles with silk handkerchiefs. "I'll kill you for this, sure," she screamed. At daylight she promised to be sent to her room. He went to bed, but he did not sleep. He heard her in the night, trying to strangle herself up. "I could not be still in any place," he said. "I could neither stand nor sit down—had to walk all the time." At dusk he went home. The Chinaman had finished his work and gone for the night. His wife came through the kitchen and went down the cellar to get whiskey; "she often hid a bottle down there." When she came up she spoke of going down town. "You wretch," he said, "I'm fixed for you, and you shall leave this house." He tried to catch her by the hair, but she turned on him and was right in front of him, her hand pressed to her hip. "I'll kill you, I'll kill you," she screamed. In a frenzy of utter nervousness and terror he caught up something it was a kitchen chair—and struck her. He heard her lying at his feet. He found himself on the street—he has no remembrance of how he got there—looking up at the dark windows of his neighbor's house and deciding not to wake him up. Then all is blank again in his mind until a later hour, when he was lying in front of the sheriff at the following words: "I have killed my wife."

The jury were out twenty minutes. When they came back it was with a verdict of "Not guilty."—Hartford Courant.

Longfellow's "Excelsior."

The following letter to C. K. Tuckerman, written many years ago, was recently printed for the first time by the London Telegraph:

"I have had the pleasure of receiving your note in regard to the poem 'Excelsior.' I am very willing to say, as you intimated in writing it, that this was no more than to display, in a series of pictures, the life of a man of genius, resisting all temptations, laying aside all fears, heedless of all warnings, and pressing right on to accomplish his purpose. His voice, as he sang, was the voice of the soul, and the voice of the world. He was a man of the world, cold paths of the world—where the peasants can not understand him, and where his watchword is in an 'unknown tongue.' He disregards the happiness of domestic life, he disregards his father's fate, before him. He disregards the warning of the old man's wisdom and the fascinations of woman's love. He answers to all: 'Higher yet!' The monks of St. Bernard are the representatives of religious forms and ceremonies, and with their repeated prayers and the sound of their voices, telling them there is something higher than forms and ceremonies. Filled with these aspirations, he perishes without having reached the perfection he longed for; and the voice heard in the air is the promise of immortality and progress ever before him. His voice, as he sang, was the voice of the soul, and the voice of the world. He was a man of the world, cold paths of the world—where the peasants can not understand him, and where his watchword is in an 'unknown tongue.' He disregards the happiness of domestic life, he disregards his father's fate, before him. He disregards the warning of the old man's wisdom and the fascinations of woman's love. He answers to all: 'Higher yet!' 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Notice.—All communications, local notices, and advertisements must be handed in on Monday of each week, to insure that week's publication. The above rules will be strictly adhered to.

**Legal Printing.**—Persons having legal advertising to do, should remember that it is not necessary that it should be published at the county seat—any paper published in the county will answer. In all matters transpiring in this vicinity, the interest of the advertisers will be better served, by having the notices published in their home paper, than to take them to a paper that is not generally read in their vicinity, besides it is the duty of every one to support home institutions as much as possible.

**To Correspondents.**  
Correspondents will please write on one side of the paper only. No communication will be published unless accompanied with the real name and address of the author, which we require, not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith.  
[?] All communications should be addressed to "THE HERALD,"  
Chelsea, Washington Co., Mich.

## The Chelsea Herald.

CHELSEA, APR. 20, 1882.

### The Inconsistency of Women.

The inconsistency and irrationality of women is a subject which we can not contemplate with any degree of composure. And we will no longer restrain our inclination to upbraid them, and endeavor to say something which will have a tendency to create a public sentiment in favor of common sense.

That the present existing rules of society are false, and unjust, must be admitted by every thoughtful and intelligent person. Both sexes are bound by the same code of morals, yet there appears to be two states of morality. One for the women and one for the men; and women have instituted these two states. In her ignorance and blindness she tolerates and encourages in men that which she abhors and condemns in her own sex. A man may go wherever his passions and inclinations lead him, yet he is coddled, flattered, smiled upon and recognized in society. He may be addicted to the lowest vice, yet he finds no difficulty in effecting a passport into the society of pure women, or in being admitted, to the homes of respectable families.

But how is it with a woman? If in an evil hour she has strayed from the path of virtue, or has unfortunately been sought, won, ruined and forsaken, is there a hand in kindness outstretched to lead her back? No, the paths of rectitude? If, in an unguarded moment, she makes the fatal mistake and takes the first step that leads to degradation and ruin, but perhaps would gladly return; is she allowed to do so? Is she, by the influence of some human sister, ever restored to her friends, society, and the world? No! And though she may be pure as an angel, if a breath of suspicion rests upon her, she is shunned, despised and forsaken; she is excommunicated from society with anathemas; an absolute animosity is cherished towards her and by whom? By the "would-be" fastidious creatures who license and tolerate licentiousness in the sex which represent the other side of existence.

It is women who denounce and make hard the way for women. And allow me to ask you, my sisters, in all that is merciful, is it just, is it consistent, is it rational, to thus add to the torture of her whom a combination of unfortunate circumstances have thrown a little to one side of the social groove?

Many indulge in vituperation and detraction, prompted by envy or jealousy, and such a one may not hope to avert the inevitable result which follows the violation of a moral law, and the one who is so morally blind as to inflict so great a wrong upon a fellow being is more to be pitied, than the one who receives the wrong, for the injurer, not the injured, must suffer at last.

As we have given much time to the study of casuistry, and social ethics, and studied human nature in every phase of its development, and therefore feel as competent to solve cases of doubtful propriety as any one not in advance of us in knowledge, years and experience, we will not concede to the views of those ignorant superficialists who would compel us to conform to their ideas of propriety.

And now we will offer a few practical suggestions: Let us not conform to the unjust rules imposed upon us by society. Let us exercise our reason and either condemn in men that which we denounce in women, or tolerate in women what we encourage in men. Let us either extend the same charity to women as men, or

exact the same undeviating course of conduct in men, that we require in those of our sex.

We have said, that which society compels us to overlook in men, it must allow us to overlook in women. Not that we are an apologist for licentiousness, neither are we an apologist for that unrelenting, unforgiving spirit, often shown to those who in weakness fall. For this same spirit has sent many a poor unfortunate to ruin and to death. It is not always evidence of guilt when one stands accused.

Then let us not condemn one of our own sex until we have investigated the circumstances of the case, and accumulated sufficient evidence to sustain the accusations. For as we value our own reputation, we should not rob an innocent one of that which is of greater value than all else beside. Rather let us be accused of shielding a guilty one, and denounced for so doing, than guilty of condemning an innocent one, as some of our accusers have done. Not that we wish to indulge in a spirit of censoriousness, for we know that ignorance and intolerance invariably go hand in hand, and it is not surprising that women are so uncharitable, and intolerant, and so prone to gossip, when we consider that the greater number of them occupy a great portion of their time in endeavoring to gratify their vanity, in dress, and display, leading a frivolous fashionable life, instead of cultivating the intellect and Christian virtues.

As knowledge expands the sympathies and enlarges the charities, let us acquire a knowledge that will enable us to analyze the constituents of an individual, to consider what she may include in her organization, the tendencies to evil, whether inherited or acquired, all the circumstances and conditions under which an act was committed, and to be more rational in our discriminations.—[Mrs. D. M. Harwood in *San Jose (Cal.) Mercury*.

### Land Revolution in Great Britain.

A great social revolution is impending in Great Britain. In ten years only three good harvests have been gathered in the British islands. The climate has so changed that wheat cannot be grown profitably in Great Britain or Ireland. The weather continues wet during most of the summer, and hence there is plenty of grass and good pasturage. Vegetables can also be grown, but not the cereals. Then American competition also has had its effect. Wheat from Dakota or California can be sold in Liverpool cheaper than it can be grown in the British islands. The effect has been to ruin the British farmer, and to deprive the landlord of his revenues. The Irish people were the first to revolt, and two thirds of the farmers of that country have declined to pay any rent. The farmers in Scotland and England are also moving, and they are holding conventions to have the land laws changed, and the rights of tenants recognized as in Ireland. The present century will undoubtedly see the laws of primogeniture, entail, and settlement swept away, thus allowing free trade in land. With the old land laws will disappear the great bulwarks of the aristocracy. We live in revolutionary times, and that which is taking place in England is of the very first importance to the people of that country.—*From Demorest's Monthly*.

**LIGHTHOUSE TERRORS.**—If those on shore are awed by the terrible violence of the winds and waves during a tempest what must be the experiences of men who live in a building exposed to the full fury of the heavy ocean breakers! When we look at a lighthouse in calm weather, it is almost impossible to realize that the sea sometimes breaks over the lantern. Such is, however, frequently the case, and an instance of this occurred not long after the completion of the Bishop's Rock Light, which is erected on a rock beyond the Scilly Islands, far out in the Atlantic. One of the builders told of a heavy sea striking under the lantern and carrying away the log-bell, which hung by a stout arm of iron nearly three inches square. A few years ago the lighthouse keepers on this rock were in a terrible predicament during a hurricane, the violence of which was described as being fearful. The lighthouse was struck by enormous waves in quick succession, each causing a noise like the discharge of cannon, and making the massive stone building rock to and fro, so that every article fell away from its place. One fearful sea broke the great lens in several pieces, and another smashed the cylinders of the spare light, while sand from the bottom, thirty fathoms deep, was found heaped up on the lighthouse gallery. The power of these unbroken masses of water is so great that lately, at Wick, one of these shocks moved "a concrete block of 400 tons built up in situ."—*Chambers Journal*.

### Michigan Crop Report, April 1, 1882.

For this report returns have been received from 928 correspondents, representing 680 townships. Six hundred and one of these returns are from 412 townships in the southern four tiers of counties.

The growing wheat in Michigan suffered little or no injury during the month of March. According to the estimates, six per cent of the acreage sown last fall has been winter-killed. The crop in the southern four tiers of counties, promises 47 per cent better, and in the entire State 38 per cent better, than on the first of April, 1881.

The condition of clover is not so promising. Twenty-nine per cent of the entire acreage in clover meadows and clover pastures is reported winter-killed, and the condition of that portion not winter-killed is four per cent below the condition one year ago.

The prospects for apples and peaches are favorable.

Cattle and sheep throughout the State are generally in good condition. The mortality among breeding ewes and lambs, with few exceptions, is reported no greater than usual. The mortality among swine is reported greater than usual by 37 correspondents. Cholera is given as the cause in Branch, Cass, Ionia, Leauwee, Monroe, Oakland, St. Joseph and Wexford counties. Two correspondents in Kalamazoo county, state that there are fewer cases of cholera than one year ago.

Reports have been received of the quantity of wheat marketed by farmers during the month of March at 294 elevators and mills. Of these 231 are in the southern four tiers of counties, which is nearly one-half of the whole number of elevators and mills in these counties. The total number of bushels reported marketed is 448,155 of which 151,552 bushels were marketed in the first or southern tier of counties, 133,035 bushels in the second tier, 65,723 bushels in the third tier, 71,873 bushels in the fourth tier, and 25,972 bushels in the counties north of the southern four tiers. At 47 elevators and mills, or 16 per cent of the whole number from which reports have been received, there was no wheat marketed during the month. At 230 elevators and mills the quantity of wheat marketed was 420,247 bushels, which is 22 per cent of the quantity marketed at the same places during the months of January and February.

**GARDEN CITIES.**—The railroad is likely in time to make a great change in the construction of cities. Before steam lines penetrated densely populated towns, business people were forced to live near their stores or offices. The omnibus or street car might permit them to live four miles away from their place of business. But in cities where elevated steam cars or underground roads have depots in the business quarters, it follows that a person may live ten or fifteen miles away from where he does his work or makes his living. This will lead in time to the growth of rural neighborhoods where one can live in the midst of gardens, surrounded by all pleasures of country life, and yet within reach of a station by which any business locality can be reached within the hour. New York has the most complete system of elevated roads in the world, and it is believed that within the coming ten years an entire change will take place in the construction of houses in the newer districts. These will be built, not on the street as now, but back from the avenue, and will be surrounded by grounds and walks connecting several houses within one block or square. The city steam railway ought, in time, to abolish the crowded tenement houses. The poor ought to be better off in their own homes, in cottages which accommodate only one family, rather than in great caravansaries, where the air is vitiated, and all the associations are unhome-like. The city of the future, instead of being a small surface densely built upon, will cover large areas of ground with a very much thinner population.—*From Demorest's Monthly*.

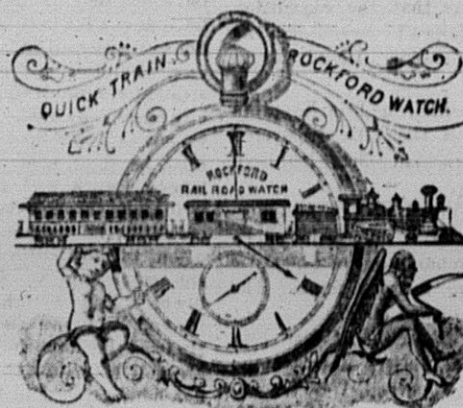
A girl at Pekin, Ill., was about to be married to a young sweetheart. A man in the neighborhood heard it, and told her mother that, as his wife was going to die soon, he would marry the girl himself if she would wait. As he was rich, the bargain was made and in three months the wedding took place.

Women once had all their rights. The ancient Egyptian bridegroom took the name of his wife, instead of giving his name to her; and Egyptian sons, instead of being called after their fathers, were designated by the name of their mothers.

## WE ARE IN THE FIELD EARLY

WITH THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE LINE OF LADIES', CHILDREN AND MEN'S SHOES, Ever shown in this City.

We have the exclusive sale in this place, and show a full line of H. S. Robinson & Burtenshaw Manufacturers, which goods are too well known in this community to need any talk. Every pair fully warranted and no quibbling if they give out, come in and see them whether you wish to purchase now or not, we shall be pleased to show the goods; and don't forget that we have also a full line of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CROCKERY, (including SHAW'S gold band ware.) Hats, Caps etc. as well as the only complete stock of WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY in this vicinity.



We are sole agents for the "Rockford watch" the best American watch made.

RESPECTFULLY.

WOOD BRO'S.

## ST. JACOBS OIL



## THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM.

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Fractured Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as a safe, sure, simple and cheap Remedy. A trial will let the consumer testify to its value, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims. Directions in Eleven Languages. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE. A. VOGELER & CO., Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

## A NEW MEDICINE HOPS & MALT BITTERS

Regulate the Liver, assist in curing Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Sick Headache, prevent Constipation, remove Bile, cleanse the Blood, and strengthen the system. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all the above ailments, and is especially adapted to the young and the aged. HOPS & MALT BITTERS is a rich and nutritious tonic, and is especially adapted to the young and the aged. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all the above ailments, and is especially adapted to the young and the aged. HOPS & MALT BITTERS is a rich and nutritious tonic, and is especially adapted to the young and the aged. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all the above ailments, and is especially adapted to the young and the aged.

## FOR SALE. Bran, Shipstuff & MIDDINGS At Peninsula Mill, DEXTER, MICH.

JAMES LUCAS, Dexter, Mich. Feb. 2nd 1882.

### Chelsea Market.

CHELSEA, Apr. 20, 1882.

FLOUR, per cwt.	\$3 50
WHEAT, White, per bu.	1 25
CORN, per bu.	35¢ 40
OATS, per bu.	50
CLOVER SEED, per bu.	4 00
TRIFOLIUM SEED, per bu.	3 00
BEANS, per bu.	2 50
POTATOES, per bu.	90
APPLES, green, per bu.	1 12
do dried, per bu.	5
HONEY, per lb.	18¢ 20
BUTTER, per lb.	20¢ 23
POULTRY—CHICKENS, per lb.	9
LARD, per lb.	11
TALLOW, per lb.	05
LAMBS, per lb.	12
SHOULDERS, per lb.	08
EGGS, per doz.	13
BEEF, live, per cwt.	3 00¢ 3 50
SHEEP, live, per cwt.	3 00¢ 5 00
HOGS, live, per cwt.	3 00¢ 5 00
do dressed, per cwt.	5 00¢ 7 00
HAY, tame, per ton.	10 00¢ 12 00
do marsh, per ton.	5 00¢ 6 00
SALT, per lb.	1 50
Wool, per lb.	35¢ 25
CRANBERRIES, per bu.	2 00

## Sixth Season EVENING NEWS' EXCURSIONS

From Detroit to the Sea, Via Grand Trunk R.R. and St. Lawrence River Steamer, through the THOUSAND ISLANDS and FAMOUS RAPIDS, to MONTREAL, WHITE MOUNTAINS, and SEA SHORE at PORTLAND, ME., near Boston (thence back to Detroit, via Quebec, Niagara Falls and Buffalo, will leave Detroit July 8, 20 & 27. \$20.00 for the round trip of over 1,000 miles. Special trains on the G. T. R. R., and special excursion on the St. Lawrence River. Each tour personally conducted by W. H. HARRIS, of the Detroit Evening News. All tickets good to September 30. Send-cent stamp for circular, with descriptions and information, over 40 maps engraved especially for this edition, and a perfect copy of an oil painting, in 10 colors, of Glen Hill (near Glen House) for the first page of cover, will be sent to any address for 5 cents. Address: W. H. HARRIS, Office Detroit Evening News.

## GOLD. Great chance to make money.

Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfits furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address, STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

WOOD YARD.—Burnett Steinbach has opened a first class wood yard, at his residence on Middle Street west, and is prepared to supply the inhabitants of Chelsea with cord and stove wood in any quantity and on reasonable terms. Inquire of Chas. Steinbach, at his harness shop.

The cheapest place in the county to get your job-work, auction bills, etc. done, is at the HERALD OFFICE.

Subscribe for the HERALD

**THE**  
M. W. Robinson,  
JACKSON, MICH.

## BALANCE OF STOCK,

## Cloaks!!!

Much below New York COST,

## TO CLOSE OUT!!

**M. W. Robinson,**  
JACKSON, MICH.



# M. C. R. K. TIME TABLE.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

**GOING WEST.**

Mail Train..... 9:25 A. M.  
Grand Rapids Express..... 9:52 P. M.  
Jackson Express..... 8:05 P. M.  
Evening Express..... 10:10 P. M.

**GOING EAST.**

Night Express..... 5:50 A. M.  
Jackson Express..... 7:50 A. M.  
Grand Rapids Express..... 10:07 A. M.  
Mail Train..... 12:28 P. M.  
H. B. LEYARD, Gen'l Supt., Detroit.  
O. W. ROGERS, General Passenger and Ticket Ag't, Chicago.

## Time of Closing the Mail.

Western..... 7:15 A. M., 11:15 A. M., 9:00 P. M.  
Eastern..... 9:50 A. M., 4:15 P. M., 9:00 P. M.  
Geo. J. CHOWELL, Postmaster.

## The Chelsea Herald,

IS PUBLISHED  
Every Thursday Morning, by  
A. Allison, Chelsea, Mich.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY

**OLIVE LODGE, NO. 156,** F. & A. M., will meet at Masonic Hall in regular communication on Tuesday Evenings, on or preceding each full moon.  
Theo. E. Wood, Sec'y.

**I. O. O. F.—THE REGULAR** weekly meeting of Regular Lodge No. 85, I. O. O. F., will take place every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, at their Lodge room, Middle St., East.  
J. G. WACKENHUT, Sec'y.

**WASHTENAW ENCAMPMENT, NO. 17,** I. O. O. F.—Regular meetings first and third Wednesday of each month.  
J. A. PALMER, Scribe.

**R. M. SPEER,**  
**DENTIST.**  
(Formerly with D. C. Hawhurst, M. D.; D. D. S., of Battle Creek.)  
Nitrous oxide gas for the painless extraction of teeth administered.  
Rooms over HOLME'S DAY GOODS STORE, CHELSEA, MICH. [10-23]

**FRANK O. CORNWELL,**  
Watchmaker and Jeweler. Watches, clocks and jewelry repaired on short notice. Shop at Reed & Co. drug store, Main St. Chelsea.  
G. E. WRIGHT, D. D. S., F. H. SALLER, DENTISTS.  
Office with Dr. Palmer, over Glazier & Armstrong's Drug Store, CHELSEA, MICH. [7-13]

**CITY DRAY.**  
J. D. SCHNAITMAN, would respect- Chelsea, that he has opened business with a first-class Dray, and is ready at all times to accommodate all in his line. Having established headquarters at Sam & Van's store, all orders left will be promptly attended to. A share of public patronage is solicited. S. HESSELSCHWERDT, Drayman.

**M. W. BUSH,**  
**DENTIST,**  
Office over W. H. Reed & Co's Store, CHELSEA, MICH. 31

**GEO. E. DAVIS, Resident Auctioneer of 16** years experience, and second to none in the State. Will attend all farm sales and other auctions on short notice. Orders left at this office will receive prompt attention. Residence and P. O. address, Sylvan, Mich. V-11-28

## RESTAURANT.

C. HESSELSCHWERDT wishes to thank the people of Chelsea and vicinity, for the liberal patronage they have bestowed upon him during the past year, and hopes for a continuation of the same. He is prepared at all times to furnish hot and cold meals for the "inner man." He also keeps on hand Cakes, Candies, Nuts, etc. Remember a good square meal for 25 cents. South Main street, Chelsea, Mich. v-11

## INSURANCE COMPANIES

REPRESENTED BY  
**Turnbull & Depew.**  
Home, of New York, \$6,109,527  
Hartford, 3,392,914  
Underwriters, 4,800,000  
American, Philadelphia, 1,246,061  
Etna, of Hartford, 7,078,224  
Fire Association, 4,165,716  
Office: Over Post-office, Main street Chelsea, Mich.  
It is cheaper to insure in these stalwarts, than in one horse companies. v-1

## New Restaurant

S. D. HARRINGTON would respect- Chelsea, fully announce to the inhabitants of Chelsea and vicinity, that he has opened a first-class Restaurant, one door north of the Chelsea House, and is prepared to accommodate all with warm and cold meals, at all hours. A share of public patronage is solicited.  
Chelsea, Mich. v-11

## TENSORIAL EMPORIUM.

F. SHAVER would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Chelsea and vicinity that he is now prepared to do all kind of work in his line, also keep on hand sharp razors, nice clean towels, & everything first-class to suit his customers. He is up to the times, and can give you an easy shave and fashionable hair cut. A share of the public patronage is solicited. Shop east side of Laird's Store, Middle street Chelsea, Mich.

## C. BLISS & SON,

Have an elegant Stock of  
**WATCHES,**  
**JEWELRY,** and  
**SILVER WARE.**  
REPAIRING—Neatly done, and warranted.  
No. 11 SOUTH MAIN STREET, ANN ARBOR. v-6

All kinds of plain and fancy job work done at the HERALD office.

# CHURCH DIRECTORY.

**CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.**  
Rev. THOS. HOLMES, D. D., Pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 12 M.

**M. E. CHURCH.**  
Rev. H. C. NORTHUP, Pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. Sunday School immediately after morning services.

**BAPTIST CHURCH.**  
Rev. E. A. GAY, Pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Young people's meeting Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 12 M.

**CATHOLIC CHURCH.**  
Rev. Father DUNN. Services every Sunday, at 8 and 10½ A. M. Vespers, 7 o'clock P. M. Sunday School at 12 o'clock A. M.

**LUTHERAN CHURCH.**  
Rev. LOUIS BACH. Services every Sunday, alternate forenoon 10½ and 2 o'clock P. M.

## OUR TELEPHONE.

Local Items are scarce.  
Farmers are busy plowing.  
House cleaning is in order.  
Rockford watches at Wood Bro's.  
Villagers are busy making gardens.  
Business is dull, and our clerks are sitting on the counters.  
Dr. Gates had a raising bee last week, and is building a large new barn.  
Married in Chelsea April 12th, 1882, at the Baptist Parsonage, by Rev. E. A. Gay, Mr. George J. King of Sylvan and Miss Clara C. Ames, of Chelsea.

Bar pins, sleeve buttons, finger rings and all other kinds of jewelry at Wood Bro's.  
**ARBOR-DAY.**—The Governor has designated next Thursday, April 27th, as Arbor-Day. We hope the inhabitants will not neglect to plant shade trees—and also to remember the dead, to plant beautiful flowers and evergreens on their graves.

Moses How, Esq., of Haverhill, Mass., strongly indorses St. Jacobs Oil for rheumatism, etc., from the observation of its effects in his factory as also in his own family—so we see from one of our Massachusetts exchanges—*Bridgeport (Conn.) Standard.*

New dwellings, new fences and repairing is being done all over Chelsea at the present time. The mechanic, the laborer and everybody that is willing to work has plenty to do.

Our readers will please observe the new Furniture advertisement, of J. D. Clark on third page.

The best watch made is the Rockford, for sale only by Wood Bro's.

**A CARD.**—Mrs. Callahan has removed two doors east of her old place, and is prepared to sell the cheapest Millinery in town. Hats from 25 cts. up. Flowers 6 cts. to \$5.00, the most beautiful feathers in the market. Ribbons at cost, Brussels net, Wash blond, Valenciennes and Spanish laces, etc. Come and see. Mrs. Callahan.

Last week Messrs. Turnbull & Depew, disposed of a case in the Supreme Court, by which a large ditch in the township of Quadra was qualified, because of irregularities in the proceedings by which the ditch was established.

All goods warranted as represented at Wood Bro's.

The members of the Chelsea Library Association, wish to tender Dr. Robertson a vote of thanks, for the use of rooms and cases for said Library for the past five years, and also to Dr. Champlain, for assisting the Librarian for the past year.

Saturday April 22nd, the Ladies Library, will be open in Chelsea savings bank.

By order of committee,  
LUDWIG H. BRIGGS, Sec.

U. H. Townsend has purchased the news depot from Mr. Cook. He intends to stock up with every kind of periodicals, and will make it one of the finest news depots in the State; also keeps on hand all kinds of fresh sheet music etc. Depot McKune block, Middle street east.

Mr. M. J. Noyes arrived home last week, with another car load of fine horses from Canada—and had scarcely arrived when they were all sold—he left last Monday for another load. He has brought six car loads since January 1882, and still they come. Mr. N. is stocking up Washtenaw county, with some of the best horses that can be produced in this country, and deserves great praise for his ability in doing so.

Married in Chelsea April 12th, 1882, at the residence of the brides parents, by Rev. E. A. Gay, Mr. Samuel J. Guerin and Miss Lena E. Hunter.

AND SAM EXCLAIMED,  
And oh! How often in those eyes,  
Which melting burned like azure skies,  
In dewy vernal weather—  
How often have I raptured read  
The burning glance, that silent said,  
Now, love, we pull together.

If you want first class meat of any kind, go to Canfield's.  
Sugar cured hams, and sausage too;  
All finely chopped, so fresh and new.  
You will find the best, of every kind,  
Just this side of where all the good folks dine.  
Under Parker & Babcock's.  
Fresh fish every Friday.

We notice that several of the Republican State papers, have mentioned the name of E. H. Butler of Detroit, as a prominent candidate for State Treasurer. We are impressed with the fitness of Mr. Butler for that position of responsibility and trust. He has had long experience in banking, and has held positions requiring great tact, executive ability and sound sense, the duties of which were discharged with promptness, fidelity and satisfaction to all. Mr. Butler is an active worker for his party. He was a Presidential Elector in the last campaign, and is well known throughout the State.

**SPELLING SCHOOL.**—There will be a spelling school in this place, beginning at early candle light on Tuesday evening the 25th, at the Temperance Peoples Hall, to be held under the auspices of the Ladies of the Temperance People, in connection with their soluble.

Ye Trustees of ye destrict, ye Select Men, Priest Burt and meny other distinguished gentlemen and ladies will be present. Consequently we shiel expect that everything will be done decently, and in order. No skuffin or nookin off hats will be aloud, exceptin at recess.

N. B. All who expect to participate in ye above exercises are requested not to appear in any of the new-fangled noshuns of modern society, but in the very becoming costum seth as our 4 fathers used to ware.

Admittence, 1 York shillin and childrun wun had dime.  
Vittels free.  
Mister Charles Depew Schoolmaster.

**TO THE READERS OF THE HERALD:**—It is not often that the inhabitants of a country town, or even of the larger cities have the pleasure of listening to such a lecture, as was given on Sunday evening last, by the Rev. T. Holmes, Pastor of the Congregational Church; subject "The mission of life." The Subject text was taken from the 4th chapter of the Epistle of James; words "What is your life." That it was discussed in an earnest, masterly way, must have been the conclusion of all who had the pleasure of being present. There was however a slight exception taken to a part of the lecture in regard to a statement made, in which it was said that brutes have not an intelligent memory, and in which the memory of the lower animals was likened to the wound made in a tree by an axe, which healing leaves a scar. This however is immaterial so far as the moral bearing of the lecture is concerned, which cannot be over-estimated. The Rev. Holmes contented plates giving a series of Sunday evening addresses to the young people of Chelsea and vicinity; which cannot fail to be interesting, and with the blessing of God productive of much good. The subject of the next discourse will be "What shall I do." And now dear fellow-christians let us go down upon our knees in earnest prayer, and importunately beseech the great Head of the Church, that He may grant His special favor to follow those meetings; and bring many of our dear young people to an experimental knowledge of the truth "Loyalty to God" is the watch-word.

WILL, THE POOR SCHOLAR.

**SHILOH'S COUGH AND CONSUMPTION** Cure is sold by us on a guarantee. It cures Consumption. For sale by Reed & Co.

**CHROUP, WHOOPING COUGH** and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. For sale by Reed & Co.

**CATARH CURED.** health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents Nasal Injector free. For sale by Reed & Co.

**SHILOH'S VITALIZER** is what you need for Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness and all symptoms of Dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. For sale by Reed & Co.

**THAT HACKING COUGH** can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by Reed & Co.

**WILL YOU SUFFER** with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. For sale by Reed & Co.

**SLEEPLESS NIGHTS,** made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by Reed & Co.

For lame back, Side or Chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. For sale by Reed & Co.

**Thomey Bros.,**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
**DRY GOODS HOUSE,**  
JACKSON

The Leaders of Small Profits.

Offer extraordinary inducements to purchasers this season. The extent of our business enables us to buy at much lower prices than others—to do our business at very much less expense—to sell at much smaller margins of profit. The rapid and steady growth of our business, is evidence that we do it all advertise.

Our Dress Goods and Silk stock is more than double the size of any former season—the goods were selected with the greatest of care. We are selling many goods over our counters at less than other merchants pay for, them, and as a result, our Dress Goods and Silk Department is doing more than double the business of any former season.

We have in stock, Black and Colored Gros Grain Silks, Black and Colored Satin, Black and Colored Brocade Silks and Satins, Black Satin Mere lreux, Satin De Lyon, Moire Antique Silks and Satins, Brocade Surrah Silks and Satins, Black and Colored Velvets and Velvetines, Black and Colored Plushes, in all the new shades.

Black and Colored Cashmeres, Cordorettes, Chuddahs, Camels Hair Cloths, Mornies, Armures, Wool Brocades, Alpacaes, Mohairs, and the Novelties in Plaids and Stripes to match all these.

Waterproofs, All Wool Sackings and Suitings, Beaver Cloths, Cloakings, Wool Flannels, Cassimeres.

Silk Fringes and Beaded Glimps, Ornaments, Knit Underwear and Hosiery. Cloaks, Jakets, Ulsters, Shawls and Skirts, Woolen Blankets.

65 cents is the railroad fare to Jackson. You will save four times that much on Ten Dollars worth of Dry Goods bought of us; besides you will find such an assortment to select from, that you can please yourself fully.

One Price to all—Plain Figures—No Credit.

**TUOMEY BROS.,**  
The Leaders of Small Profits,  
JACKSON, MICH.  
Stores also, at Eaton Rapids and Mason.

P. S.—Orders for samples will have our best attention. Describe closely the kind of goods wanted, the color, about how much you wish to pay; we will serve you better than if you were here in person.

# A Picture Worth Beholding.

Hanging between two small windows, and catching the light from a larger one opposite, in one of the offices of Adams Express Company, at 69 Broadway, New York—the office occupied by Mr. W. H. Hall, head of the delivery department—is a plainly finished but neatly framed chromo about 2½ by three feet in size, which is looked upon by hundreds of people daily, on many of whom it has a wonderful and salutary effect. It represents a flight of half a dozen rough stone steps leading from the swarded bank of a placid lake to a little rustic temple set in the rugged sides of the mountain in which rises in stupendous proportions the background all covered with a rank luxuriant growth of foliage in brush and tree. In the open door of this little temple stands a half concealed figure, with an arm and hand extended, holding forth a small, dimly defined package, while seated on the sward at the foot of the steps an aged pilgrim, bare footed, lame and decrepit, bears a staff in one hand, and in the other holds before his dim eyes a small bottle, whose label he eagerly scans. The label bears the words "St. Jacobs Oil the Great German Remedy." Simple as this little chromo appears in its unostentatious position, it has an influence which it would be difficult to estimate. "It is that picture and the persuasions of Mr. Hall," said Mr. Edward J. Douglass, a gentleman connected with Mr. Hall's department, "that I owe my present ability to perform my work. Some weeks ago I was violently attacked with sciatic rheumatism, and I grew worse, and nothing my family or the doctor could do gave me any relief. I began to think in a few days that my case was hopeless and that I was doomed to be an invalid and helpless cripple for life. But at last I thought of that picture which I had so often looked at with but little interest, and then Mr. Hall came to my bedside, and telling me how St. Jacobs Oil had cured him of a worse and longer standing case than mine, urged me to use the same remedy. I did so that very night, directing my wife not to spare it but to apply it thoroughly according to the directions; this she did with a large piece of flannel cloth saturated with the Oil, and then bound the cloth to the affected parts. The next morning I was free from pain, and although a little sore in the hip, was able to dress myself, and the next day resumed my duties in the office as sound as a dollar. Here I am now in full health and strength, having had no touch of rheumatism or other pain since. Whenever I see one of our drivers or any other person who shows any symptoms of lameness or stiffness, I point him to the picture in Mr. Hall's office, and then direct him to go for St. Jacobs Oil at once."—N. Y. Evening Telegram.

## G. W. R. R. TIME TABLE.

**GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.**—Depots foot of Third street and foot of Brush street. Ticket office, 151 Jefferson avenue, and at the Depots.

**LEAVE (Detroit time.)**  
Atlantic Ex. 14:40 a. m. 11:00 p. m.  
Day Express 7:55 a. m. 7:30 p. m.  
Detroit & Buf.  
Buf. Express 12:45 noon 7:00 a. m.  
N. Y. Express 7:05 p. m. 4:45 a. m.  
Except Monday. Sundays Excepted.  
Daily.

**J. F. MCCLURE,**  
Western Passenger Agent, Detroit.  
Wm. Edgar, Gen. Pass' Ag't, Hamilton.

**\$66** a week in your own town. \$5 Outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business, at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine. v-11-9

## A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN

On the Loss of  
**MANHOOD**

A lecture on the nature, treatment, and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhea, induced by self-abuse, involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Piles. Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, leeches, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.  
Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO., 41 Ann St., New York. 18  
Post Office Box, 450.

**BEST** business now before the public. You can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not needed. We will start you. \$13 a day and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only if you give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Moved and supported, that bill of Thomas Kelley for \$2.00 be allowed and an order drawn on the Treasurer for the amount, to be paid out of any moneys in his hands belonging to contingent fund—carried.

Moved and supported, that bill of Jas. Bensley Sr. for \$7.12 be allowed and an order drawn on the Treasurer for the amount to be paid out of any moneys in his hands belonging to contingent fund—carried.

Moved and supported, that bill of Wm. Campbell for \$4.50 be allowed, and an order drawn on the Treasurer for the amount, to be paid out of any moneys in his hands belonging to contingent fund—carried.

Moved and supported, that report of committee on streets to whom was referred the complaint of Thos. McNamara Sr. with reference to ditch be accepted—carried.

Moved and supported, that the President be authorized to receive bids on the post office corner, at two o'clock P. M. Saturday, April 22nd, for the hauling of 200 yards of gravel, to be left on Main street, from the Letts bridge south, subject to the direction of the President, the contract or contracts, to be let to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, who will be required to furnish satisfactory surety for the proper performance of contract or contracts—carried.

Moved and supported, that liquor bonds be placed at \$3,000 for the ensuing year—carried.

Moved and supported, that the President appoint a committee of three, to take into consideration, whether it be for the best interest of the village, to take a certain amount of stock in building a township hall, and in what manner—carried.

The President appointed as such committee, Robertson, Cushman and Vogel.

Moved and supported, that the Board now adjourn until its next regular meeting, subject to special call by the president—carried.

J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Clerk.



The Michigan Central Railroad, with its connections at Chicago, affords the most direct and desirable route of travel from Michigan, to all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Texas, Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, etc. Michigan Central trains make sure and close connections at Chicago with through express trains on all Western lines. Rates will always be as low as the lowest. Parties going West this Spring will find it to their interest to correspond, with Henry C. Wentworth, General Passenger and Ticket Agent of the Line, at Chicago, who will cheerfully impart any information relative to routes, time of trains, maps and lowest rates. Do not purchase your tickets nor contract your freight until you have heard from the Michigan Central.

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J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Clerk.

# FRANK P. GLAZIER,

Graduate of Pharmacy  
Department, University of Michigan.

# CASPER L. DEPUY,

Graduate Philadelphia College  
of Pharmacy, Philadelphia.

## GLAZIER, DePUY & Co., CHEMISTS.



OUR SPECIAL attention will be devoted to the dispensing of PHYSICIANS PRESCRIPTIONS. The PREPERATION and sale of PURE-FAMILY MEDICINES, DYE COLOR RECIPES, &c.  
None but the most skillful and careful will be employed in the medicine department.

## CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK.

Organized Under the General Banking Laws of Michigan.

CAPITAL PAID IN  
Fifty Thousand Dollars.

Officers and Directors.

HON. SAM'L G. IVES, PRESIDENT.  
THOMAS S. SEARS, VICE PRESIDENT.  
GEO. P. GLAZIER, CASHIER.  
LUTHER JAMES, Capitalist.  
HON. AARON T. GORT



## THE LIGHT OF STARS.

The night is come, but not too soon;  
And smiling, the little moon  
Drops down behind the sky.

There is no light in earth or heaven,  
But the soft light of stars;  
And the first watch of night is given  
To the red planet Mars.

Is it the tender star of love?  
The star of love and dream?  
O, no! from that light best above  
A lover's actual dream.

And sweet thoughts within me rise,  
When I behold afar,  
Suspended in the evening skies,  
The silent star of rest.

O star of strength! I see the stand  
And smile upon my pain;  
Then beckonest with thy shining hand,  
And I am strong again.

Within my breast there is no light  
But the soft light of stars;  
I see the first watch of night  
To the red planet Mars.

The star of the unconquered will,  
He rises in my heart;  
Reverent, and reverent, and still,  
And calm, and calm, and true.

And thou, too, whose heart is true,  
That radiant star of light,  
As one by one thy hopes depart,  
Be radiant and true.

O star not in a world like this,  
And thou art in my heart;  
Know how sublime a thing it is  
To suffer and be true.

## A REAL SWEET STORY.

It was by far the worst quarrel  
I had ever had, and they had many,  
For she had a temper, and he had a  
temper, and they were both of them im-  
pulsive young people with very little self-  
control.

"You are a false, selfish, untruthful,  
man-like man," said she.

"And you a suspicious, unreasonable,  
unwomanly woman," said he.

"Take back your words," she cried,  
flinging a parcel tied with hyacinth-blue  
ribbon on the floor at his feet.

"I will," he muttered between his  
clenched teeth, picking up the parcel  
and throwing it into the fire, where it  
blazed brightly for a moment or two,  
and then fell away in thin, unrecognizable  
fragments on the chimney.

As the last fragment disappeared, Rick turned again  
to Letty, with a frowning brow, and asked,  
as he had asked before: "Do you still  
persist in accusing me of deceit and  
dishonesty?"

"I do," she replied, "unless you show  
me the charm."

"I will not show it to you," he de-  
clared, with violent emphasis. "If my  
word is not sufficient, I refuse to give  
you further proof. I wonder that you  
dare insult me by asking it. And I also  
wonder how you, believing me to be false  
and untruthful, can be willing to trust  
your future to me. And to speak frankly,  
I begin to think we could speedily make  
that future happily together, for I am  
fully convinced we are anything but  
foes."

"Two souls with but a single thought,  
Two hearts with but a single aim,"  
(These lines were quoted with most sar-  
castic indifference.) "And furthermore I  
also begin to think that perhaps it would  
have been better if we had never met, in  
fact."

"O, indeed, sir?" with great assump-  
tion of dignity. "Have you just arrived  
at that conclusion? It is a long long  
time that I have been waiting for you  
to say that. Your letters are already  
disposed of. To-morrow I will send  
back your ring and picture. And then,  
when I am free once more, I can try to  
please my mother (our acquaintance, as  
you are well aware, has never pleased  
her), and in pleasing her I may find I  
am doing a pleasant as well as a wise  
thing for myself."

"Are you referring to Brougham  
Brown?"

"By heavens!" exclaimed Rick, seiz-  
ing his hat, "this is too much. Letty,  
good-bye forever!"

But Letty began humming an air from  
Puccini, drumming an accompaniment  
of the window-pane, and vouchsafed no  
answer. Rick rushed from the room.  
The humming and drumming ceased in-  
stantly, and the window-pane listened  
intently. Five minutes passed, and still  
the street door did not slam. "He is  
waiting for me to come out into the hall  
and beg his pardon. I suppose," she  
said, with a dignified grimace, "that I  
won't, and she turned again to the  
window as the door shut with a bang."

And then she flung herself on the  
lounge, kicked off her slippers, and cried  
like a summer shower. Rick came, and  
he loved so dearly, and who had loved her  
so dearly for two long years.

Why? Just because that silly giggling  
Lena Varian, her pale blue eyes and  
straw-colored hair, had chosen to  
tell him about him, and shaking the  
tears from her lashes, she began sol-  
ing herself as hard as she had rolled  
poor Rick? The idea, Letty Lounsbury,  
of your believing that girl before him!  
What possessed you? He did flit a  
little with girls, that is true; but all  
men flit a little with girls who persist in  
admiring them and flattering them. But  
he never gave her the little gold  
pig—your Christmas gift to him—  
never! How could he? I can't im-  
agine, but he would have explained  
if you had given him a chance. And  
then the absent mother, gone to Aunt  
Emory's for a two days visit, came in  
for a share of reproach. "If she had  
only let our engagement be known, in-  
stead of insisting upon our waiting until  
Rick was twenty-one, and I had not been  
obliged to carry my engagement ring in  
my back hair, the only place where it is  
safe from Bessie and her wicked  
sister!"

entered when her eyes fell upon the last  
of the famous peach marmalade, the  
secret of the making of which died with  
grandmother, and which was being  
carefully kept for Aunt Emory's (Aunt  
Emory was an old maid thirty  
thousand dollars) birthday. There it  
stood directly in front of Baby, with  
more than half of its thick paper hat torn  
off, and a yawning cavity made in its  
precious contents by little scooping fin-  
gers.

"O, Baby, why couldn't you have  
taken any jar but that?" asked Letty,  
reproachfully and dramatically.

But Baby evidently had no excuse to  
offer for not doing so, for she kept on  
crooning to her bottle-doll, while her  
sister hastily fashioned another paper  
hat and tied it securely over what re-  
mained over the original covering.

Then said Baby, "Kick this!—I love  
Rick!"

O, that is what he was doing when she  
foolishly imagined he was waiting for  
her to come and improve his forgive-  
ness—bidding good-bye to Baby. "She  
might have known it, for he had always  
loved Baby dearly."

"Yes, Baby, nice Rick, good Rick,  
dear Rick, but for all that, the ring he  
gave me goes back to him to-morrow  
unless I wear from him to-night. How  
dare he wish that we had never met?"

But she did not bear from him that  
night, and the next day the little band  
of gold was released from its hiding-  
place in her thick brown hair, and a too  
humble messenger placed it in Rick's  
hands as he left his place of business.

"But, ah! what a pleasant surprise! I  
wondered what the Lounsbury dwelling  
thereafter! what a listless, weary look  
replaced the nursery rhymes that Baby  
demanded fifty times a day!"

"No more—no more," said Baby,  
missing the merry tones and the happy  
laugh.

But Mrs. Lounsbury was not at all  
displeased with the turn affairs had tak-  
en. Brougham Brown suited her much  
better as a prospective son-in-law than  
Richard Creighton. One was a wealthy  
young brewer, the other a poor clerk in a  
counting-house.

"Letty will soon get over it," she  
said to Letty's father, whose heart ached  
at the sight of his daughter's sad face.  
"A first love disappointment is always  
hard to bear for a while. I thought I  
should have died when Stephen Ford  
married my cousin, but I didn't! I lived  
to marry you, and I have a seal-skin  
cloak and Mrs. Ford hasn't even a jacket."

And so Brougham Brown, who was  
really a manly, generous, good-hearted  
fellow in spite of his beer and wealth,  
encouraged by the maternal head of the  
house, began devoting himself to the  
most ardent fashion to Letty, and, see-  
ing her mother's pleasure thereat,  
and hearing no word from Rick, received  
his attentions in a passive, unresponsive  
way.

Three months went by, and it was  
Aunt Emory's birthday, and that eccentric  
old lady had decided to divide it  
among the family, lunching with one  
portion, dining with another, and sup-  
ping with a third. The lunch party was  
given at her sister Letty's (Mrs. Lounsbury),  
and some half a dozen old friends  
and a few new ones were bidden  
to the feast. Letty, in a sea-green gown  
(Rick's favorite color), with a spray of  
pink hyacinths (Rick's favorite spring  
flower) in her hair, went quietly about  
welcoming the guests, Brougham Brown  
following her like her shadow, until  
lunch was announced. Then taking her  
place at the table, the young man still  
near her, she raised the cover from her  
dinner spoon until the last jar of grand-  
mother's famous peach marmalade (she  
had had it placed before her, trusting to  
be able to hide the mischievous Baby had  
done), when she heard that Rick and  
her mother: "Have you heard that Rick  
and Creighton are going abroad for his  
health? He has given up his situation,  
and sails in a day or two. They say he  
has failed fast lately."

And the very next moment Aunt  
Emory fixed her spectacled eyes upon  
her niece's poor pale face, and asked,  
sharply: "What's the matter, child?  
Do you see anything dreadful in the  
news?"

"No, ma'am," answered Letty, with a  
puff of air, "but the news is that Rick  
and his mother are going to the States  
to-morrow."

"Let me hug you," said Brougham,  
and with one turn of his wrist he placed  
upon her dainty chin shell before her  
a wad of paper.

"And so that is the last of the cele-  
brated marmalade, is it?" said Aunt  
Emory. "I don't want any. I prefer  
my sweets unimpaired with unknown  
foreign substances. Take it away, Nora!"

But Letty was slowly moving the  
paper (it proved to be the missing  
part of the jar's original hat)—a  
rather difficult thing to accomplish, as it  
stuck persistently to her small fingers,  
but accomplished at last, when out rolled  
a little gold pig. And on the inside of  
the paper was scrawled in Rick's bold  
hand, these words:

"MY DARLING: How foolish was I when I  
said, 'I am the charm.' Miss Varian had  
told me that you were waiting for me  
to come out into the hall and beg his  
pardon. I suppose, that I won't, and  
she turned again to the window as the  
door shut with a bang."

And then she flung herself on the  
lounge, kicked off her slippers, and cried  
like a summer shower. Rick came, and  
he loved so dearly, and who had loved her  
so dearly for two long years.

Why? Just because that silly giggling  
Lena Varian, her pale blue eyes and  
straw-colored hair, had chosen to  
tell him about him, and shaking the  
tears from her lashes, she began sol-  
ing herself as hard as she had rolled  
poor Rick? The idea, Letty Lounsbury,  
of your believing that girl before him!  
What possessed you? He did flit a  
little with girls, that is true; but all  
men flit a little with girls who persist in  
admiring them and flattering them. But  
he never gave her the little gold  
pig—your Christmas gift to him—  
never! How could he? I can't im-  
agine, but he would have explained  
if you had given him a chance. And  
then the absent mother, gone to Aunt  
Emory's for a two days visit, came in  
for a share of reproach. "If she had  
only let our engagement be known, in-  
stead of insisting upon our waiting until  
Rick was twenty-one, and I had not been  
obliged to carry my engagement ring in  
my back hair, the only place where it is  
safe from Bessie and her wicked  
sister!"

"O, indeed, sir?" with great assump-  
tion of dignity. "Have you just arrived  
at that conclusion? It is a long long  
time that I have been waiting for you  
to say that. Your letters are already  
disposed of. To-morrow I will send  
back your ring and picture. And then,  
when I am free once more, I can try to  
please my mother (our acquaintance, as  
you are well aware, has never pleased  
her), and in pleasing her I may find I  
am doing a pleasant as well as a wise  
thing for myself."

"Are you referring to Brougham  
Brown?"

"By heavens!" exclaimed Rick, seiz-  
ing his hat, "this is too much. Letty,  
good-bye forever!"

But Letty began humming an air from  
Puccini, drumming an accompaniment  
of the window-pane, and vouchsafed no  
answer. Rick rushed from the room.  
The humming and drumming ceased in-  
stantly, and the window-pane listened  
intently. Five minutes passed, and still  
the street door did not slam. "He is  
waiting for me to come out into the hall  
and beg his pardon. I suppose," she  
said, with a dignified grimace, "that I  
won't, and she turned again to the  
window as the door shut with a bang."

And then she flung herself on the  
lounge, kicked off her slippers, and cried  
like a summer shower. Rick came, and  
he loved so dearly, and who had loved her  
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obliged to carry my engagement ring in  
my back hair, the only place where it is  
safe from Bessie and her wicked  
sister!"

## The Chameleon and the Recorder.

"Well, well, who is this?" queried  
his Honor, as Bessie walked out a Chin-  
aman and carefully arranged him before  
the desk according to the latest Paris  
style.

"Me-Sing-Ha," replied the prisoner.  
"Sing-Ha, eh? What do you do?"  
"Keepee washie shop."

"How long have you been in De-  
troit?"

"Long time."

"Well, sir, you are charged with be-  
ing drunk and disorderly. What do  
you say to that?"

"No like that. No drinkee-and-  
fightee. Boy come long and call me  
names and throw mud."

"And what did you do?"

"Tell him gitte way purty soon, but  
he no go."

"And then what?"

"Then I walk out and—"

"And you boxed his ears, pulled his  
hair and caused him to yell and alarm  
the neighborhood with his yells."

"Boy no call me names. I no box  
him."

"Yes, but if the boys bother you the  
law will take care of them. You have  
no right to strike any one."

"Didn't strike hard."

"But you broke the law. This is the  
second time you have been here for  
fighting, and I can't overlook it. Sing-  
Ha, the Chinese must pay."

"How much?"

"Well, I'll call it \$2, being you are a  
stranger in a strange land. If it was a  
white man he'd have to pay \$5."

"Two dollars—two dollars!" wailed  
the prisoner, as he danced around—  
"I no payee two dollars! I payee two  
shillings!"

"If you don't pay I send you up."

Sing-Ha finally decided to pay, and he  
produced five dollars in gold, and  
counted out the fine in three-cent pieces  
and pennies.

"Now you can go home."

"All right. Two dollars broke me  
all up."

"You must let the boys alone."

"Boys no call me name I no gittee  
mad. Two dollars—two dollars—good-  
bye—come see you more purty soon!"  
—Detroit Free Press.

The Turkey, the Goose and the Sage.

At a recent dinner given at the Union  
League Club, in New York, to Mr.  
Thomas Acton, upon his appointment to  
the office of United States Assistant  
Treasurer, presided over by Mr. Evar-  
ist Secretary of State, Mr. Luther R.  
March in his speech said he wished to  
know from Mr. Acton whether the in-  
cident he had that morning read in the  
Whitehall Review—the leading so-  
cial and literary journal of London—was  
really true, before it was permitted to  
pass into authentic history. He then  
read the paragraph, which stated that  
Secretary Evarist, taking his Thanksgiving  
dinner at Windsor, Vt., replied to the  
inquiry: "What part of the turkey he  
would have?" that it was "quite incon-  
sequential to one of his recognized ab-  
solutism and superstitious stomachic  
nervatism, whether he tendered an  
infinitesimal portion of the opusculum  
of the nether extremities, the  
superior fraction of a pinion, or a snowy  
cleavage from the cardiac region." Mr.  
March said as this turkey was assuming  
international proportions, and rivaling  
out own blessed and screaming eagle,  
he would like to ask the Secretary as to  
its verity, and not rely simply on the  
strong internal evidence of its truth.

The Secretary was placed in a difficult  
position, but was equal to the emergen-  
cy, and said he had been wondering  
what the London editor had in his mind  
when he penned that paragraph; he  
concluded that it was an attempted con-  
demnation of a voluminous dispatch of  
his from our Government to the several  
Governments of Europe against the dis-  
memberment of Turkey. "But," said he,  
"the incident is not accurately re-  
corded. The simple fact is that, accord-  
ing to custom on this anniversary, I had  
a roasted New England goose, well  
stuffed with sage, with plenty of ap-  
plesauce, and the usual accompaniments.  
At the close of the meal he said: 'My  
children, you now see the difference be-  
tween the condition of affairs before and  
after dinner. You then saw a goose  
stuffed with sage; now you see a sage  
stuffed with goose.' The applause  
which followed the Secretary's happy  
explanation showed how well he had es-  
caped from the embarrassing corner."  
—London Review.

Mr. Samuel Denison, of Portland, Ore.,  
writes: "I have cause to be ex-  
tremely grateful for the article in the  
Affiliated for years with painful kidney  
troubles and chronic dyspepsia. I was induced  
to try Dr. Denison's Kidney Pills, and  
the result is that I feel like a new  
man. The pills did not seem to do  
much at first, but I don't know what a  
back-ache or sour stomach was."

We have often seen a statue of Clay  
made of stone. I have seen one made  
of wood. I have seen one made of  
iron. I have seen one made of  
gold. I have seen one made of  
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